25 Years of Copyleft Enforcement: The Road Ahead for Defending Software Rights

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SFSCON 2024, Friday 8 November 2024

Slides at: https://ebb.org/bkuhn/talks/SFSCON-2024/





I Am An Activist

Greetings, I am an activist!







My Activist Cause is Narrow

I seek a world in which every person on the planet has universal and unabridged software rights & freedoms

• • •

(aka)

the universal right of software repair.





A Very Brief History of the GPL

For 25 years, across three different non-profit charitable organizations, I have spent the plurality of my time attempting to uphold the GPL ...

... results have varied. 😬







It Began Well

I, Harald Welte, Erik Andersen, and about five others enforced against Linksys in June 2003.

That released code became the first commit for the OpenWrt project!





Did We Prioritize Copyleft?

Since the 1990s, we've sought to endear ourselves to hardware makers — often begging them to support Linux-based systems.

In retrospect, we were just too darn eager to give up too much.





Mass Adoption vs. Software Freedom

Copyleft licenses, such as the GPL and LGPL, by design give up some popularity (and, by extension, adoption) for the sake of software rights and freedoms for users.





Without Enforcement, Might as well be BSD

In the wild, an unenforced copyleft license is not observably different from a non-copyleft license.

In 25 years, we have learned unequivocally that nearly every company that ships Linux-based devices does not and will not follow the GPL's requirements willingly. And, these companies will also attempt to skirt their responsibilities when users complain.



Why Is It So Difficult to Enforce GPL?

- GPL is not, in itself, a law.
- GPL is not an international treaty regulation.
- GPL is not a commandment.
- GPL is, in essence, just an agreement between software authors, software distributors, and software users.
- GPL by design does not require that license violators pay the financial cost of enforcement.





Why Is It So Hard to Enforce GPL?

Simply put: copyleft was designed under the assumption that generally software companies would usually honor their agreements with users.

But they do not.





Why Is It So Hard to Enforce GPL?

Harald Welte's enforcement in Germany in the early 2000s, and SFC's "BusyBox lawsuit" (which I led) in USA during the 2010s made a great positive impact ...

... but the moment these cases completed, companies began planning to violate copyleft in the next generation of products.





The only answer is constant vigilance and using the courts around the globe to demand user rights.

So we have to, proverbially, "make new law".





We erred focusing so much on upstream developers and *their* rights. The GPL is about the rights & freedoms of the downstream user.





Enforcement now must focus on adjudicating the rights of users to receive the correct, rebuildable, and reinstallable source code.





SFC is, frankly, the only organization in the world working on GPL enforcement and enforceability right now.





What's SFC doing about this now?

Ongoing litigation against a USA-based TV manufacturer, Vizio, seeks to adjudicate a right for third-party consumers to demand and receive complete, Corresponding Source under the GPL Agreements: sfconservancy.org/vizio





What's SFC doing about this now?

A website for user collaboration to seek copyleft compliance (launched here by my colleague Denver last year), **Use The Source**:

sfconservancy.org/usethesource





What's SFC doing about this now?

At least one major successful result that we recently achieved in Europe will be announced before the end of 2024. 3





Follow-Up / Talk License

More from me on this topic at FOSDEM 2017 & 2023:

- archive.fosdem.org/2017/schedule/event /copyleft_defense/
- archive.fosdem.org/2024/schedule/event/fosdem-2024-3163-copyleft-and-the-gpl-finding-the-pathforward-to-defend-our-software-right-to-repair

Please donate to become a Conservancy Sustainer: https://sfconservancy.org/sustainer/

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